

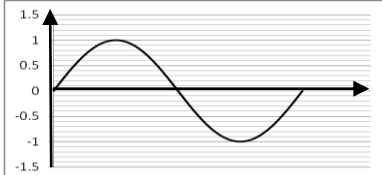
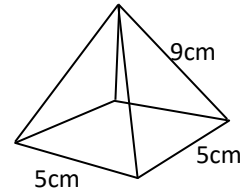
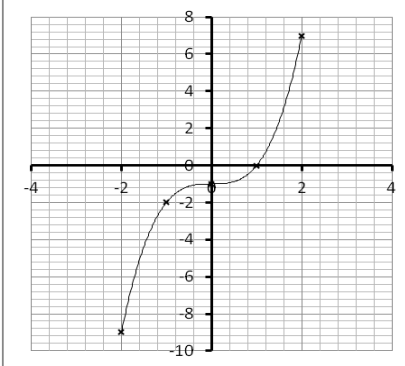
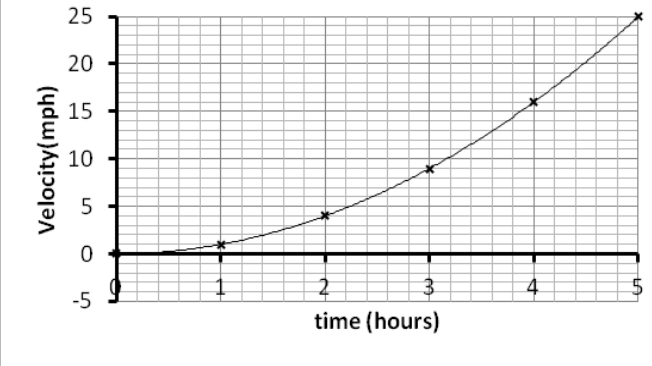
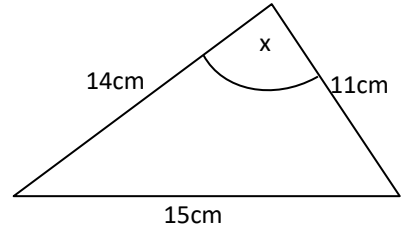
Maths Key Skills

Stage 11: Skill Check 11

Name:

Date:

Class/Group:

A: Number & Algebra		B: Algebra, Proportion, Geometry & Measure		C: Geometry & Measure & Statistics	
1. Write $4\sqrt{27}$ in the form $k\sqrt{3}$	11:1	11. Make (y) the new subject of : $y - 5 = \frac{3y - 4}{w}$	11:12	21. Work out the angle between the slant edge & the square base. (correct to 3sf)	11:26
2. Expand & simplify: $(1 - \sqrt{7})^2$	11:2	12. One solution for $\sin x = 0.8$ (1dp) is $x = 54^\circ$. Use the graph to 	11:14		
		find another solution.	13. This is the graph of $y = f(x)$. Sketch on the grid: $y = f(-x)$ 		
3. If $x=5.82$ (2dp) & $y=1.4$ (1dp) Work out maximum value of $x - y$	11:3	14. Estimate & interpret the area under the graph over the first 3s 	11:16	22. Find the angle 'x'? (1dp)	11:27
4. Simplify the following fraction: $\frac{x^2 + 4x - 5}{2x} \times \frac{6x^2}{x^2 - 1}$	11:4			15. Write down the equation of the tangent at (5,-2) on the circle with centre (1,1)	11:18
5. Solve: $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{3}{x+1} = \frac{3}{2}$	11:5				23. Find the angle 'x'? (2sf)
					

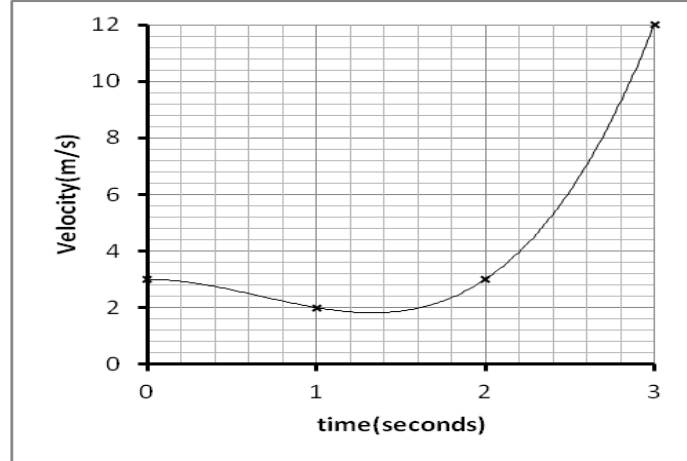
6. If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3$, work out: $f^{-1}(x)$

11:7

7. Find the turning point of:
 $y = x^2 - 6x - 9$

11:8

16. Estimate & interpret the gradient of the tangent at 2sec.



11:20

24.
 $\vec{OA} = 2a + b$
 $\vec{OB} = 3a + 2b$
Express & simplify \vec{AB} in terms of a and b

11:29

8. Solve by completing the square: $x^2 - 2x - 9 = 0$
(Write down the EXACT values)

11:9

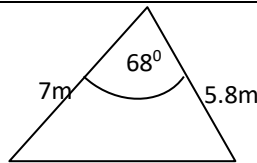
17. $x^2 - 5x - 8 = 0$ can be solved using the iteration formula:

$$x_{n+1} = \sqrt{5x_n + 8}$$

Start with $x_1 = 6$ & work out an approximation for x by finding x_5

11:21

18. Work out the area of the triangle.
(Correct to 2sf)



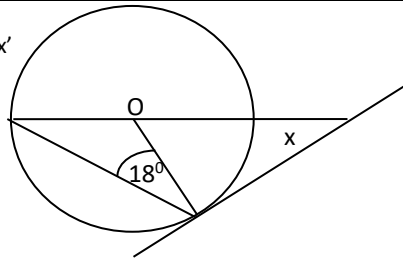
11:22

9. To solve: $3x = 2x^2 - 4$ by formula. Give answers in surd form.

11:10

$\pm \sqrt{\text{input}}$

19. O is the centre. Find the size of angle 'x'

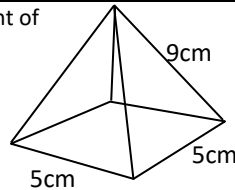


11:23

10. Write down the solution set for: $(x+4)(x-1) < 0$

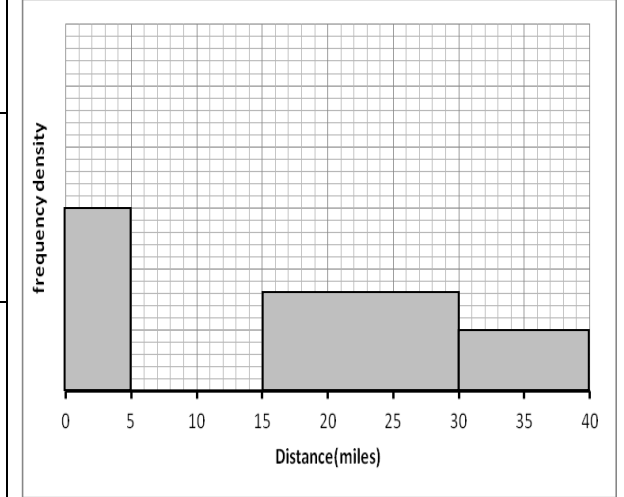
11:11

20. Work out the perpendicular height of the square based pyramid. (1dp)



11:24

25. Complete the table & histogram :



11:30

Distance	Frequency
$0 < d \leq 5$	15
$5 < d \leq 15$	34
$15 < d \leq 30$	
$30 < d \leq 40$	

Total (A)

Total (B)

Total (C)

Test Total (A+B+C)

R (0-9)

Y (10-19)

G (20-25)